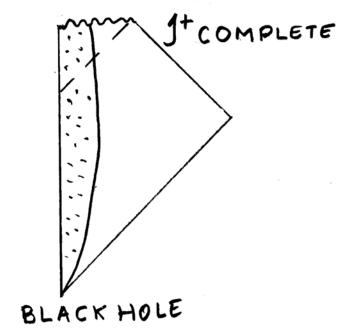
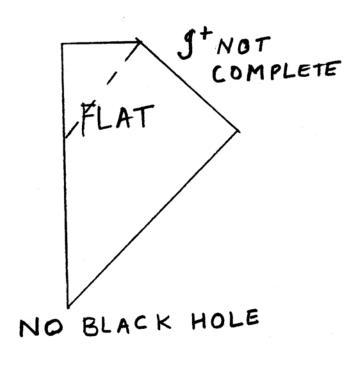
QUANTUM GRAVITY AND THE INFORMATION LOSS PROBLEM

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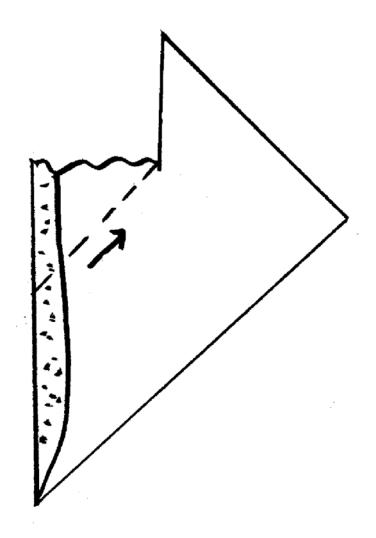
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Quantum Effects (QFT in CS):

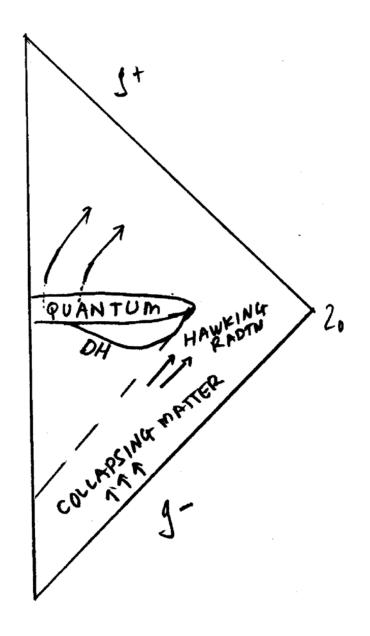
- BH radiates at $kT_H = \frac{m_P}{M} m_P c^2$
- ullet Radtn oMass Loss o higher temp o more radiatn
- $\begin{array}{l} \bullet \text{ Very slow process:} \\ T_{evap} \sim \frac{M}{\dot{M}}, \ \ \dot{M} \sim \sigma \ T_H^4 R_S^2 \\ T_{settling \ down} \sim \frac{R_S}{c} \\ \frac{T_{settling \ down}}{T_{evap}} \sim \frac{m_P^2}{M^2} << 1 \\ \Rightarrow \text{ Quasistatic process} \end{array}$



- ullet Endpt = m_P + Hawking Radiation
- Initial matter = pure quantum state
 - \Rightarrow INFO LOSS.

ALTERNATE VIEW (A-B):

- ullet Endpt = m_P + radtn + singular boundary
- singularity resolved by quantum theory
 - \Rightarrow Event Horizon not a useful concept (Hajiček)
- Instead, Dynamical Horizon:
 - smooth 3d hypersurface foliated by marginally trapped 2-surfaces
 - infalling matter \Rightarrow splike, area incr.
 - no matter \Rightarrow null, area const.
 - matter coming out \Rightarrow time-like, area decr.



• Info recovered thru correlations of Hawking Radiation with matter on "other side of singularity"

Brief Digression on Ptcles in QFT:

Ptcle concept is

- Nonlocal: $\hat{\phi}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{t}) = \mathbf{sum}$ of plane waves with $\hat{\mathbf{a}}(\mathbf{k})$, $\hat{\mathbf{a}}^{\dagger}(\mathbf{k})$ coefficients. $\hat{\mathbf{a}}^{\dagger}(\mathbf{k})$ creates particle with momentum $\hbar\mathbf{k}$ with wave function $\sim e^{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k}\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{i}\omega\mathbf{t}}$ \rightarrow very spread out in spacetime.
- Observer Dependent:2 observers $(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{t}), (\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{T})$ expand same field oprtr $\hat{\phi}$ in their plane wave bases: $e^{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{x}-i\omega\mathbf{t}}, e^{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{y}-i\omega\mathbf{T}}$ \Rightarrow creation-ann opertrs for the two are different $\hat{\mathbf{a}}(\mathbf{k}) \neq \hat{\mathbf{b}}(\mathbf{k})$ $\Rightarrow |\mathbf{0}_{\mathbf{a}}\rangle = \Sigma |\mathbf{ptcles_b}\rangle$.

CGHS Model:

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{S} &= \frac{1}{2\mathbf{G}} \int \mathbf{d^2x} \sqrt{g} e^{-2\phi} [\mathbf{R} + 4(\nabla\phi)^2 + 4\kappa^2] \\ &- \frac{1}{2} \int \mathbf{d^2x} \sqrt{g} g^{ab} \nabla_a f \nabla_b f \end{split}$$

- ullet [G] = M⁻¹L⁻¹ [κ] = L⁻¹
- 2d: $\mathbf{g^{ab}} = \Omega \eta^{ab}$, $\eta \to -(\mathbf{dt})^2 + (\mathbf{dz})^2$, null coordinates: $\mathbf{z}^{\pm} = \mathbf{t} \pm \mathbf{z}$
- ullet Varble Redefn: $\Phi = \mathrm{e}^{-2\phi}$ $\Theta = \Phi\Omega^{-1} \; (\Omega = \Phi\Theta^{-1})$
- Equations of Motion:

$$\partial_+\partial_-\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{0} \Rightarrow \mathbf{f} = \mathbf{f}_+(\mathbf{z}^+) + \mathbf{f}_-(\mathbf{z}_-)$$

Evolution eqns:

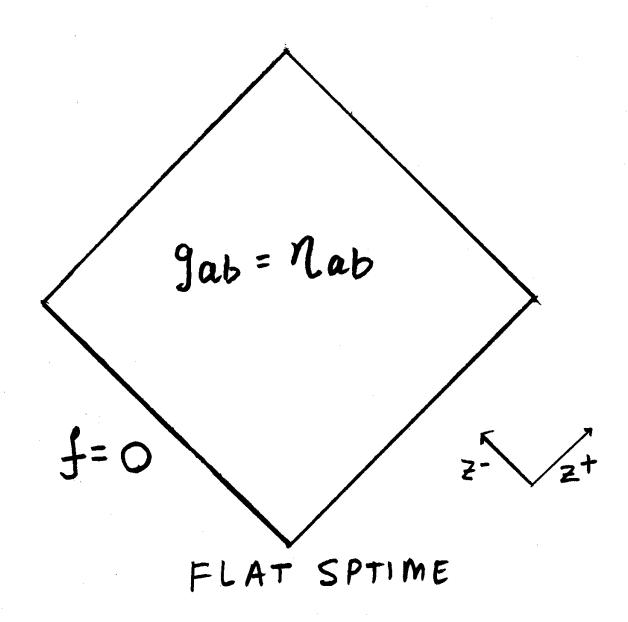
$$\partial_{+}\partial_{-}\Phi + \kappa^{2}\Theta - \Phi\partial_{+}\partial_{-}\ln\Theta = 0$$
$$\partial_{+}\partial_{-}\Phi + \kappa^{2}\Theta = 2GT_{+-}$$
$$+ Boundary Conditions$$

• Can solve for Φ, Θ in terms of stress energy of f. Thus, true degrees of freedom = $f_+(z^+), f_-(z^-)$.

Basic Points:

- Varbles: dilaton, metric, matter
- 2d implies cfmal flatness, metric specified by cfml factor
- Variable redefins in dilaton-metric sector: Φ, Θ . Cfmal factor = $\Phi\Theta^{-1}$
- Matter cnfmally coupled so doesnt see cfmal factor. Hence matter satisfies free wave eqn on flat spacetime.
- Remaining equations enable Φ , Θ to be solved in terms of matter stress energy, thus true d.o.f. are parametrised by matter data $f_+(\mathbf{z}^+), f_-(\mathbf{z}_-)$.

Solutions:



QFT on BH Sptime (QFT in CS):

- Calculation a'la Hawking (Giddings, Nelson) yields Hawking radiation at \mathcal{I}_R^+ with $kT_H = \kappa \hbar$ indep of mass.
- \bullet Evaluate $\langle \hat{T}_{ab} \rangle$ on BH background.

 $\langle \hat{T}_{ab} \rangle = classical part + \hbar correction$

$$egin{aligned} \langle \mathbf{\hat{T}}_{+-}
angle &= -(\hbar/48) \mathbf{Rg}_{+-}
angle \ \langle \mathbf{\hat{T}}_{--}
angle |_{\mathcal{I}_{\mathbf{R}}^+} &= \mathbf{Hawking\ flux.} \end{aligned}$$

FULL QUANTUM THEORY:

- $\partial_+\partial_-\hat{\mathbf{f}} = \mathbf{0}$: $\hat{\mathbf{f}} = \hat{\mathbf{f}}_+(\mathbf{z}^+) + \hat{\mathbf{f}}_-(\mathbf{z}_-)$ $\hat{\mathbf{f}} = \text{free scalar field on } \eta_{\mathbf{ab}}$. Fock repn: $\mathcal{F}^+ \times \mathcal{F}^-$. Arena for Quantum Theory is entire Minkowskian Plane
- Oprtr Eqns for $\hat{\Phi}$, $\hat{\Theta}$: $\partial_{+}\partial_{-}\hat{\Phi} + \kappa^{2}\hat{\Theta} \hat{\Phi}\partial_{+}\partial_{-}\ln\hat{\Theta} = 0$ $\partial_{+}\partial_{-}\hat{\Phi} + \kappa^{2}\hat{\Theta} = 2G\hat{T}_{+-}$ + Oprtr valued Boundary Conditions.
- Open Issue:qft on quantum sptime, $\hat{T}_{ab} = \hat{T}_{ab}(\hat{\Phi}\hat{\Theta}^{-1})$
- Despite this, framework itself allows an analysis of Info Loss Problem.

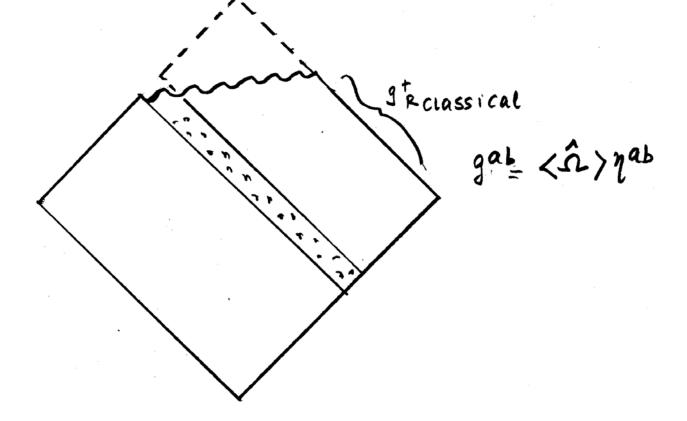
NOTE: $\mathcal{F}^+ \times \mathcal{F}^-$ is Hilbert space for gravity-dilaton-matter system, not only for matter.

Info Loss Issue Phrased in Full Quantum Theory Terms:

- ullet Choose "quantum black hole" state $|\mathbf{f}_{+}\rangle \times |\mathbf{0}_{-}\rangle$ analog of classical data $\mathbf{f}=\mathbf{f}_{+}(\mathbf{z}^{+}), \mathbf{f}_{-}=\mathbf{0}$
- ullet Info loss issue takes the form: $What\ happens\ to\ |0_{-}
 angle\ part\ of$ the state during $BH\ evaporation$?

Trial Solution to Oprtr Eqns:

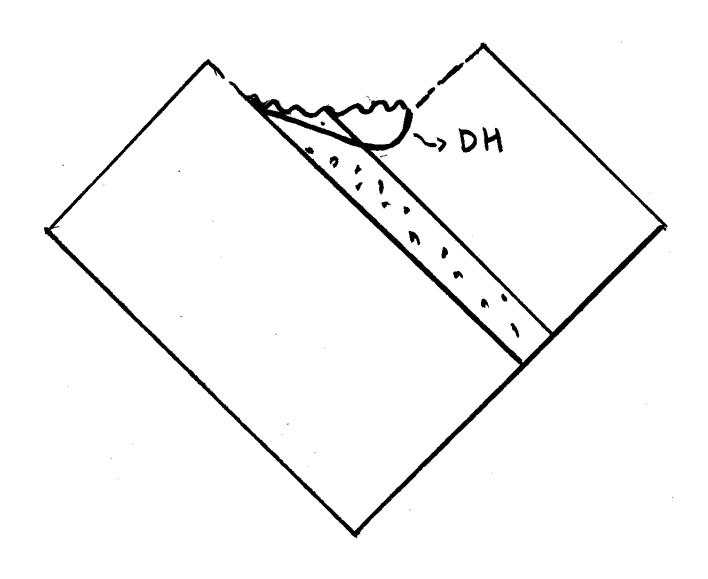
- Use η_{ab} to define $\hat{\mathbf{T}}_{ab}$. Then $\hat{\mathbf{T}}_{+-} = \mathbf{0}$, can solve oprtr equations explicitly
- ullet Exp value $\langle \hat{\Omega} \rangle = \langle \hat{\Phi} \hat{\Theta}^{-1} \rangle = \Omega_{classical}!$
- On singularity $\langle \hat{\Phi} \hat{\Theta}^{-1} \rangle = 0$ but $\hat{\Phi}, \hat{\Theta}$ still well defined as operators. Large fluctuations of $\hat{\Omega}$ near classical singularity,
- $\hat{\Phi}$, $\hat{\Theta}$ well defined on whole Minkowskian plane, even "above" singularity: Quantum Extension of Classical Spacetime.



- Hawking Effect: Quantum State of gravity-dilaton-matter system $|f_{+}\rangle \times |0_{-}\rangle$. $|0_{-}\rangle$ interpreted by asymptotic inertial observers in expectation-value- geometry at $\mathcal{I}_{Rclassical}^{+}$ as Hawking radiation!
- But: No backreaction of this radtn
- Can try to improve on soln to oprtr equations by "bootstrapping" but not useful for info loss issues.

Mean Field Approximation:

- Take exp value of oprtr equations w.r.to $|\mathbf{f}_{+}\rangle \times |\mathbf{0}_{-}\rangle$.
- Neglect fluctuations of gravitydilaton but not of matter
- Get exact analog of "semiclassical gravity" 4d eqns, $\text{``G}_{ab} = 8\pi G \langle \hat{\mathbf{T}}_{ab} \rangle \text{''}.$
- MF eqns for CGHS studied numerically by Piran-Strominger-Lowe, analytically by Susskind-Thorlacius.

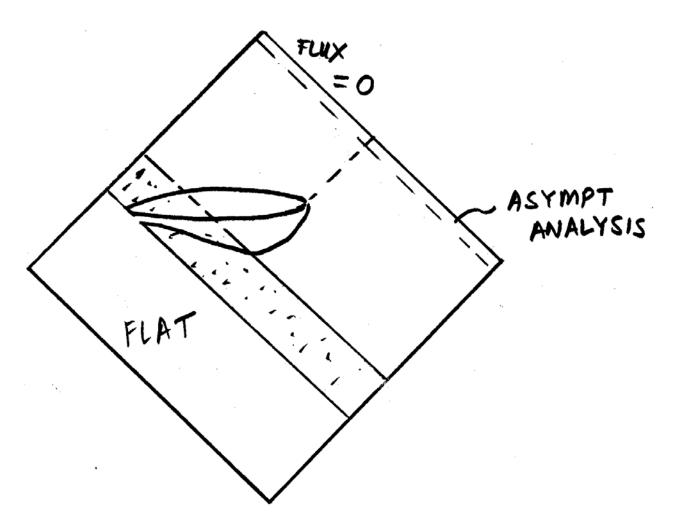


Asymptotic Analysis near \mathcal{I}_R^+ :

Knowledge of underlying quantum state of CGHS system + MFA eqns near \mathcal{I}_{R}^{+} dictate the response of asympt geometry to energy flux at \mathcal{I}_{R}^{+} . Analysis of eqns implies (almost) uniquely:

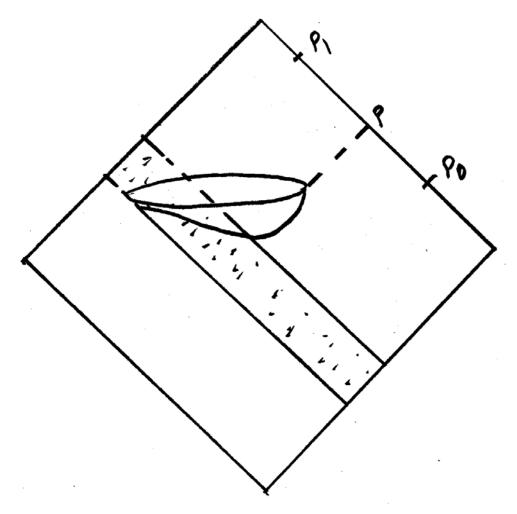
- ullet If Hawking flux smoothly vanishes along $\mathcal{I}_{
 m R}^+$ then $\mathcal{I}_{
 m R}^+|_{{
 m g}_{
 m ab}}$ coincides with $\mathcal{I}_{
 m R}^+|_{\eta_{
 m ab}}$
- Let $g_{ab}|_{\mathcal{I}_{R}^{+}} = dy_{(a}^{+}dy_{b)}^{-}$ with $y^{-} = y^{-}(z^{-})$. Then $|0_{-}\rangle$ is a normalized, pure state in Hilbert space of y observers \Rightarrow No Info Loss!.

TIAD I TO TOTAL.



- Interior to past of MFA singularity: MFA numerics.
- ullet Near $\mathcal{I}_{\mathbf{R}}^+$: Asymptotic Analysis
- Conceptual underpinnings provided by oprtr equations suggest:
 - singularity resolution
 - extension of classical sptime

THE DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY.



- ullet $|0_{-}\rangle$ is pure state in Hilbert space of y observers
- No energy flux beyond P, no remnant with large number of internal states. Nevertheless: $\langle \hat{f}(P_1)\hat{f}(P_0)\rangle \neq 0$ Correlations!

• Entropy:

- Defn involves "tracing over ptcle modes to future of P"
- Ptcle modes spread out, have "tails" about P
- With such modes $|0_angle \sim \scriptscriptstyle{\Sigma_{
 m m=0}^{\infty}} |{
 m 2m~ptcles}
 angle_{\mathcal{I}_{
 m R}^+}.$

Trace over ptcles appearing after P to get $\hat{\rho}$

- $\mathbf{S} = -\mathbf{Tr}\hat{\rho}\ln\hat{\rho}$, $\mathbf{S}\to 0$ in remote past, increases to future, then decreases to 0 beyond P. Info in correlations between pairs of ptcles emitted at different times

NOTE: MFA requires large N, can be taken care of.

SUMMARY:

Non-pert quantization + MFA numerics + asympt analysis point to unitary pic of BH evaporation with key features:

- Singularity Resolution.
- Extension of Classical Sptime.
- No such thing as classically empty sptime.

CGHS wrk in collaboration with Abhay Ashtekar and Victor Taveras.